



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

<b>SECTION 1.0</b>	<b>PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION</b>
--------------------	---

**Product Identifier**

UNIPAR® 600 TOM

**Recommended use (identified)**

Base oil

**Uses Advised Against**

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information**

UniSource Energy, LLC.  
40 Shuman Blvd, Suite 290  
Naperville, IL 60563

**E-mail**

orders@unisource-energy.com

**Telephone number**

Phone: 630-470-6030 Fax: 630-470-6031

**Emergency telephone number**

UniSource Energy, LLC.  
1-800-444-5510

CHEMTREC  
1-800-424-9300

<b>SECTION 2.0</b>	<b>HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION</b>
--------------------	---------------------------------

**United States (US)**

According to: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

**Classification of the Substance or Mixture****OSHA HCS 2012**

Not classified.

**GHS Label Elements****Hazard statements**

No label elements(s) required.

**Precautionary Statements****HCS 2012 Other Information**

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

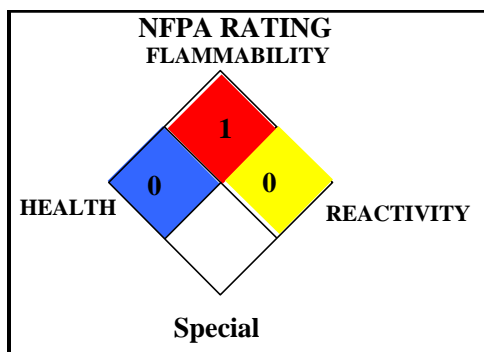
**Hazards not Otherwise Classified**

Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

**Other Information**



# SAFETY DATA SHEET



## SECTION 3.0

## COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### Substance/Mixture

Material does not meet the criteria of a mixture.

### CAS Number

Chemical Name	%	CAS number
Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic petroleum distillate	100	64742-54-7

The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346. The chemical nature of the substance is highly refined mineral oil.

## SECTION 4.0

## FIRST AID MEASURES

### Description of Necessary First Aid Measures

#### Eye contact

In case of contact with substance, immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Inhalation

Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Remove clothing and wash thoroughly before use. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

#### Ingestion

If large quantities are swallowed, call a physician immediately.

### Most Important Symptoms, Acute and Delayed

Refer to Section 11 – Toxicological Information

### Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, if Necessary

#### Notes to physician

All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

<b>SECTION 5.0</b>	<b>FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES</b>
--------------------	-------------------------------

**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

LARGE FIRE: Water spray, fog or regular foam.

SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or regular foam.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use water in a jet.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards**

No data available.

**Hazardous Thermal Decomposition Products**

Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

**Advice for Firefighters**

Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

<b>SECTION 6.0</b>	<b>ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES</b>
--------------------	------------------------------------

**Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures**

**Personal precautions**

Do not walk through spilled material. Slippery when spilt. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact.

**Emergency procedures**

Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind.

**Environmental Precautions**

Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

**Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up**

Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

**Small spill**

Take up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal

**Large spill**

Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

<b>SECTION 7.0</b>	<b>HANDLING AND STORAGE</b>
--------------------	-----------------------------

**Precautions for Safe Handling**

**Handling**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Avoid breathing mist, vapors and/or spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. When



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn, and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.

## Conditions for Safe Storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high-density polyethylene. Do not use PVC.

## SECTION 8.0

## EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Occupational Exposure Limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic petroleum distillate	ACGIH	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (excluding metal working fluids, inhalable particulate matter) as Mineral oil, highly and severely refined

### Appropriate Engineering Controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

### Environmental Exposure controls

Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

### Individual Protective Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

#### Eye/Face protection

Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses).

#### Skin/Body protection

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Where air filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapors [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

## SECTION 9.0

## PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Physical form

Liquid

#### Appearance/Description

Clear liquid with a slight hydrocarbon odor.

#### Color

Clear

#### Odor

Slight hydrocarbon.

#### Odor threshold

No data available.

#### pH

Not applicable.

#### Melting point/freezing point

No data available.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Initial boiling point	>280°C (>536°F)
Flash point	267°C (512.6°F) COC (Cleveland Open Cup)
Evaporation rate	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	No data available.
Vapor pressure	No data available.
Vapor density	No data available.
Evaporation Rate	No data available.
Specific gravity/Relative density	0.87 @15°C (59°F) Water=1
Density	876 kg/m <sup>3</sup> @ 15 °C (59 °F)
Water Solubility	Negligible.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature	>320°C (>608°F)
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Kinematic Viscosity @ 104°F (40°C)	110 Centistoke (cSt, cS) or mm <sup>2</sup> /sec

## SECTION 10.0

## STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### Chemical Stability.

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### Conditions to Avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

### Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

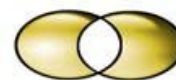
## SECTION 11.0

## TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on Toxicological Effects

Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic petroleum distillate (100%) CAS no. 64742-54-7		
Acute Toxicity	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD <sub>50</sub>	>15 g/kg
	Skin-Rabbit LD <sub>50</sub>	>5 g/kg
Multi-dose Toxicity	Inhalation-Rat TCLo	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 Week(s)- Intermittent; <i>Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Changes in lung weight</i>

<b>GHS Properties</b>	<b>OSHA HCS 2012 Classification</b>
Acute toxicity	Classification criteria not met.
Skin corrosion/Irritation	Classification criteria not met.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

<b>Serious eye damage/Irritation</b>	Classification criteria not met.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	Classification criteria not met.
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Classification criteria not met.
<b>Aspiration Hazard</b>	Classification criteria not met.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Classification criteria not met.
<b>Germ Cell Mutagenicity</b>	Classification criteria not met.
<b>Toxicity for Reproduction</b>	Classification criteria not met.
<b>Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure</b>	Classification criteria not met.
<b>Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure</b>	Classification criteria not met.

## Potential Health Effects

### Inhalation

#### Acute (Immediate)

Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

#### Chronic (Delayed)

No data available.

### Skin

#### Acute (Immediate)

Not irritating to skin.

#### Chronic (Delayed)

No data available.

### Eye

#### Acute (Immediate)

Expected to be non-irritating to eyes.

#### Chronic (Delayed)

No data available.

### Ingestion

#### Acute (Immediate)

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhea.

#### Chronic (Delayed)

No data available.

## Carcinogenic Effects

Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be noncarcinogenic in animal skin painting studies. Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

## SECTION 12.0

## ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Toxicity

Expected to be practically nontoxic fish. Expected to be practically nontoxic to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates. Expected to be practically nontoxic to algae.

### Persistence and Degradability

Expected to be inherently biodegradable.

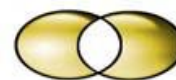
### Bioaccumulative Potential

Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

### Mobility in Soil

Liquid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

### Other Adverse Effects



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

## SECTION 13.0

## DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Disposal Instructions

#### Product waste

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

#### Packaging waste

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## SECTION 14.0

## TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	DOT	TDG	IMO/IMDG	IATA/ICAO
<b>UN Number</b>	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
<b>UN Proper Shipping Name</b>	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
<b>Transport Hazard Class(es)</b>	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
<b>Packaging Group</b>	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
<b>Environmental Hazards</b>	None	None	None	None

### Special Precautions for User

None specified.

### Transport in Bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

## SECTION 15.0

## REGULATORY INFORMATION

**US Federal Regulations** Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic petroleum distillate CAS No. 64742-54-7

#### SARA Hazard Classification

None

#### OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals

Not listed.

#### CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants

Not listed.

#### CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

Not listed.

#### CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQ

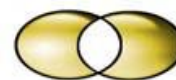
Not listed.

#### CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs

Not listed.

#### CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

Not listed.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing

Not listed.

**US State Regulations** -- Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic petroleum distillate CAS No. 64742-54-7

### New Jersey Right to Know

No

### Pennsylvania Right to Know

No

### California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**National Inventory** -- Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic petroleum distillate CAS No. 64742-54-7

<b>Australia AICS</b>	Yes
<b>Canada DSL</b>	Yes
<b>China</b>	Yes
<b>Japan ENCS</b>	No
<b>New Zealand</b>	Yes
<b>Philippines PICCS</b>	Yes
<b>Republic of Korea</b>	Yes
<b>United States TSCA</b>	Yes

## SECTION 16.0

## OTHER INFORMATION

### Abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR = European Road Transport; AICS = Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIHA = American Industrial Hygiene Association; ASTM = American society of Testing and Materials; ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimation; AU = Australia; Autoignition Temperature = The minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition, BCF = Bioconcentration Factor; BEI = - Biological Exposure Indices, represent the levels of determinants which are most likely to be observed in specimens collected from a healthy worker who has been exposed to chemicals to the same extent as a worker with inhalation exposure to the TLV, BEL = Biological exposure limits; BOD = Biochemical Oxygen Demand; BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes; bw = body weight; bw/day = body weight/day; C = Celsius, CA = Canada, CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service; CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council; CEILING = Ceiling Limit (15 minutes); CERCLA = The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling Regulation (Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008; COC = Cleveland Open Cup; CN = China; CPR= Controlled Products Regulations; CWA = Clean Water Act; DEA – Drug Enforcement Administration; DFG = Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DIN = Deutsches Institut für Normung; DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level; DNEL = Derived No Effect Level; DOT = Department of Transportation; DSL = Domestic Substances List (Canada); dw = dry weight; EC = European Commission; EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty; ECC = European Economic Community; ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals; ECHA = European Chemicals Agency; EC<sub>x</sub> = Effect Concentration associated with x% response; EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances; EL50 = Effective Loading fifty; ENCS = Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; EU = European Union; EUH statement = CLP – specific Hazard statement; EWC = European Waste Code; F = Fahrenheit; Flash Point = Minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off sufficient vapors to form an ignitable mixture with air; fw = fresh water; GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals; GLP = Good Laboratory Practice; HAPs = Hazardous Air Pollutants; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA = International Air Transport Association; IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container; IC<sub>50</sub> = Inhibitory Concentration fifty; ICAO = International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL = Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH = Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IL<sub>50</sub> = Inhibitory Level fifty; IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods; INSHT = National Institute for Health and Safety at Work; INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory; IOPC = International Oil Pollution Compensation; IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables; JP – Japan; , Kow = Octanol/water partition; KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory, LC<sub>50</sub> = Lethal Concentration (gases) which





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

kills 50% of the exposed animals, LD<sub>50</sub> = :Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals; . LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading; LL<sub>50</sub> = Lethal Loading fifty; LEL = The lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.; LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient; LOLI = List of Lists™ - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; LRT = Lower Respiratory Tract, MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution; MAK = Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL = Maximum Exposure Limits; mg/m<sup>3</sup> = : Concentration expressed in weight of substance per volume of air, mg/kg = Quantity of material, by weight, administered to a test subject, based on their body weight in kg, mw = marine water; NDSL = Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada); NE = Not Established; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Observed Effect Level; NTP = National Toxicology Program; NZ = New Zealand; OECD = Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OE-HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume; or = occasional release; OSHA = U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PAH = Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon; PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic; PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA); PH= Philippines; PICCS = Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; ppm = Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts of air or water, PMCC = Pensky Martin Closed Cup; PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration; RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery; REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorization Of Chemicals; RID = European Rail Transport; RRN = REACH Registration Number: RQ = Reportable Quantity; RTECS = Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances®; RTK = Right To Know; SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; S\* = Skin notation; SKIN\_DES = Skin Designation; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes); SCBA = Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; SDWA = Safe Drinking Water Act; STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity, TDLo, = the lowest dose to cause a symptom, TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; TCLo = the lowest concentration to cause a symptom; TDo, LDLo, and LDo, or TC, TCo, LCLo, and LCo, the lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects, TDG = Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TLV = Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH); TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment; TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act ; TWA = Time Weighted Average (8 hours); UEL = The highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.; UN = United Nations; URT = Upper Respiratory Track, US = United States; UVCB = Chemical Substances of Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products and Biological Materials (UVCB Substance) on the TSCA Inventory vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS = Worker Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

## Disclaimer

The information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is accurate as of the date of preparation of this Safety Data Sheet. However, Seller does not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. The information provided above, and the product, are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their particular purpose and on the condition that they assume the risk of their use. In addition, no authorization is given nor implied to practice any patented invention without a license. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. In addition, no responsibility can be assumed by the Seller for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Seller assumes no responsibility for injury to Buyer or to third persons or any damage to any property. Buyer assumes all such risks.